

SECTION 12 - CAR COMMANDS AND PARAMETERS

From the Human Interface terminal, type <**CAR**> to establish communication with the car functions. The prompt in Car Human Interface mode is:

C# 1=>

CAR DIAGNOSTIC COMMANDS

<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND
ASU	Automatic Set Up: (Hoistway Scan) Limit switch position and Floor Center of Target (COT) Position Reference Set-up. NOTE: Refer to Auto Setup (Hatch Scan) on page 6-9 for HPV 900 or page 7-9 for DSD 412:
BAS	BAS e of output: Output base setting can be either 10 or 16. If set to 10, all values returned by the controller will be in decimal notation (easiest to read). If set to 16, all values returned by the controller will be in hexadecimal notation. It is advisable to leave it at 10.
BBT	Brake to Brake last travel Time: This command returns time period of last run performed by car.
BDC	Brake Duty Cycle. Typing "BDC=[number 1 to 255] <enter>" while the car is on inspection sends a turn on duty cycle to the brake device. Manually pushing in MC and BK contactors will lift the brake. Typing "BDC <enter>" or placing the car on AUTO will turn off the brake command.</enter></enter>
CCS	Car Call pilot Status: Displays the pilot status of the car. An UP pilot is a call above current car position. A DOWN pilot is a call below current car position. The hexadecimal numbers below indicate the pilot status: OH - no pilot 1H - up pilot 2H - down pilot 3H - up and down pilot 4H - at call floor 5H - at call floor and up pilot 6H - at call floor and down pilot 7H - at call floor and up and down pilot

<command/>			DI	ESCRI	PTION	OF CA	AR COMMA	ND	
CLS	Car Call Test. The car call test automatically activates car calls at selected floors to allow the car to run continuously in a test mode unattended. The command CCT toggles the car call test operation on and off. To select the desired floor, type "CCTF" for front or "CCTR" for rear car calls and follow the prompt to select the individual floor. More than one car call must be selected to activate the test. Loss of power or activation of fire service will cancel the car call test operation. Note: Must be done in Black Terminal screen with the doors on Door Disconnect. Note: If car is placed in Automatic Service, the call will continue to be answered. CCT must be disabled by re-entering the CCT command. CLear terminal Screen. Clears the terminal screen on the wizard or human interface terminal device. This command displays Car smart controllers CoMmunication status (Communication Status of the following Devices):								
	OK > C# 1=:	> CMC							
				COM	MUNI	CATION	IS STATUS	}	
	HI	ST	RCV	FAIL	%F				
	DRV	ST	RCV	FAIL	%F				
	2		0	0	0	_			
	VIC	ST	RCV	FAIL	%F	INBD:	01234567	OUTBD:	01234567
	11	OK	69	0	0		11111100		11000000
	CAR 8	ST	RCV 67	FAIL 0	%F 0	INBD:	01234567	OUTBD:	01234567
	19	OK	67	0	0		10000000		11000000
	20	OK	25	0	0		10001100		10001100
	31	OK	66	0	0				
	MIC	ST	RCV	FAIL	%F	INBD:	01234567	OUTBD:	01234567
	12	OK	69	0	0		00000000	00100.	00000000
	41127		501	E 4 11	0/5	11.10.0	04004505	OUTDD	0.400.4507
	AUX	ST Comn	RCV		%F	INBD:	01234567	OUTBD:	01234567
	NOTE.	0 = Nc $1 = Pc$ $2 = Cc$	o Comi por Coi pomm C pomm P	m mm).K.					



<command/>		DESCRIPTION OF CA	AR COMMAND				
		NOTE the following definitions:					
	HI = human interface port (CCU)						
	DRV = drive port (CCU) VIC = local I2C port controlled by the VIC microcontroller (on CCU)						
		VIC = local I2C port controlled by the VIC microcontroller (on CCU) CAR = car RS-485 port controlled by the MIC microcontroller (on					
	MIC = local I2C AUX = local RS CCU)	6-485 port controlled	IIC microcontroller (on CCU) by VIC microcontroller (on n the device is communicating				
	RCV = the # of FAIL = the # of	packets received					
	INBD = input be	oard comm status or	n device I2C port (0=no				
	comm,1=comm	•	s on device I2C port (0=no				
	comm,1=comm		s on device ize port (0=110				
	If no data is dispintelligent device		not being used to access an				
	The following indicates the corresponding address to each intelligent device:						
	DEVICE COMMUNICATION						
	DEVICE NAME COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTION ADDRESS						
	DRV	2	DR iVe System				
	CTC	8	Car Top Controller				
	BK	9	B ra K e Board				
	MF	10	Motor Field				
	VIC	,					
	MIC 12 Motor room Interface Controller (on CCU board)						
	MPC1	13	Motor room Port Controller 1				
	MPC2	14	Motor room Port Controller 2				
	MPC3	15	Motor room Port Controller 3				
	MPC4	16	Motor room Port Controller 4				
1							



<command/>		DESCRIE	TION OF CA	AR COMMAND
	DEVICE NAME	F	JNICATION	DESCRIPTION
	MPC5	17		Motor room Port Controller 5
	MPC6	18		Motor room Port Controller 6
	TOC	19		Top Of Car Device
	COP	20		Car Operating Panel
	RCOP	21		Rear Car Operating Panel
	CPC1	22		Car Port Controller 1
	CPC2	23		Car Port Controller 2
	CPC3	24		Car Port Controller 3
	CPC4	25		Car Port Controller 4
	CPC5	26		Car Port Controller 5
	CPC6	27		Car Port Controller 6
	CPE	31		Car Position Encoder
CMG	Displays Group CoMmunication status status (Communication Status of the following Devices):			
	<u>(</u>	COMMUN	ICATION ST	ATUS (GROUP)
	HI ST RCV FAIL %FAIL 3 OK65 0 0	CTG ST 201 OK 202 203 204	OK 81	IL %FAIL HC ST RCV FAIL%FAIL 0 11 OK 43 0 0 0 0 0 12 OK 43 0 0 0 0 13 OK 43 0 0 0 0 14 OK 43 0 0 15 OK 43 0 0 16 OK 43 0 0 17 OK 43 0 0 18 OK 43 0 0 19 OK 43 0 0 20 OK 43 0 0 211 OK 43 0 0
	The following description	indicates the	corresponding a	ddress to each board:
	DEVICE COMMUNICAT NAME ADD	TION PRESS	DESCRIPTION	<u>!</u>
	HPU_HC HPU_IGEMP HPU_EMP-FIR HPU_GIO1 HPU_GIO2 HPU_GIO3 MPE_HC MPE_HC_RAX MPE_HC_R MPE_HC_AX MPE_HC_AX MPE_IR1	3 11-42 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84	HPU Inter-group HPU Emergence HPU General P HPU General P HPU Hall Calls HPU Rear AUX HPU Rear Hall HPU AUX Hall C HPU IR1 Hall C	for floors 1 through 32 p Emergency Power I/O cy Power Recall/Fire light I/O curpose I/O 1 curpose I/O 2

<command/>			DESCRIPTION	ON OF CAR CO	MMAND		
СОТ	center of the	ne floor targe		OT parameters are	DPP position for where the set during auto-setup. See FOF		
	C# 1=> C	ОТ					
	FLOOR #	СОТ	FOF	FCP			
	1	1000	-6	994			
	2	1400	0	1400			
	3	1800	0	1800			
	4	2200	0	2200			
	5	2600	-2	2598			
	6	3000	0	3000			
	7	3400	0	3400			
	8	3800	+4	3804			
	9	4200	0	4200			
	10	4600	0	4600			
	11	5000	0	5000			
	12	5400	0	5400			
	13	5800	0	5800			
	14	6200	0	6200			
	15	6600	0	6600			
		ne COT value ues may differ		are default values.			
CPY	C	CoPY flash parameters to RAM or RAM parameters to flash. CPYR - Copies RAM parameters to flash. CPYF - Copies flash parameters to RAM.					
DATE	Set the real time calendar clock DATE . The date is entered as month/day/year. To exit this command without changing the date, hit <enter →=""> before typing in new date values. Current date: 6/21/94 Enter new date: 7/26/94</enter>						
DCS	Down Call pilot Status: a) Up Pilot down hall call above current car position Down Pilot down hall call below current car position						
DLB	Down Limit Break: Car velocity and position when the Down Limit switches first break open during a run. This command is entered after the elevator has tripped all the slowdown limit switches on a run to the first landing.						
DPC	_	position. Th			ne DPP count of the current in the car diagnostic screen		

<command/>	DESCRI	PTION OF CAR COMMAND
DPY	capture up to 128 frames of	The <dpy> commands allow the user to the car diagnostic display for playback at a the diagnostic display can be triggered on the</dpy>
	DPYD or DPYTD Enter:	Enter diagnostic display mode. This mode will display the captured frames of the diagnostic display
	 <f> <c></c></f>	to play B ackward one frame to play F orward one frame to get C urrent frame - < C > to quit diagnostic display mode
	DPYT DPYTS DPYTR	Displays all the DPY commands Setup diagnostic triggering Reset triggering display (returns display to normal mode)
ELB	position when the ETS Limit is entered after the elevator the first landing. VIC and CTC Emerge *Down Limit Fault at limit # *Up Limit Fault at limit # Emergency Slowdown Velocity: 350; *Down Emergency Terminal State *ETS Up Direction **ETS Up Direction ETS Velocity: 351 ETS Up Limit Position: 1218 ETS Down Limit Position: * Displayed only if the correst Displayed according to displayed.	ocity (ESV): I Slowdown Fault lowdown Fault; 34 0 esponding fault condition occurs. rection entering or leaving the ETS limit.
EXE	not stored in the error buffer EXES - Set bit to exc EXES54 <enter> to</enter>	ommand creates a list of error codes that are r. Elude error code from buffer. Eg. Type o exclude error code 54 from buffer. t excludes error code from buffer.

	DESCRIPTION	N OF CAR COM	MAND	
EXER54 <enter> to allow error code 54 to be placed in the buffer. EXEC - Clear error code exclusion list. Allow all error codes to be placed in buffer. EXEL - List error codes excluded from being placed in error buffer.</enter>				
Floor position C dead level is for	Count Preset: Thing reach floor. The Hoistway Scan)	s is the reference FCP position is th and/or FOF (Floor	DPP position for where e sum of COT (Center Offset) parameters.	
FLOOR #	COT	FOF	FCP	
1	1000	-6	994	
2	1400	0	1400	
3	1800	0	1800	
4	2200	0	2200	
5	2600	-2	2598	
6	3000	0	3000	
7	3400	0	3400	
8	3800	+4	3804	
9	4200	0	4200	
10	4600	0	4600	
11	5000	0	5000	
12	5400	0	5400	
13	5800	0	5800	
14	6200	0	6200	
15	6600	0	6600	
	EXEC - placed in EXEL - L Floor position C dead level is fo Of Target from C# 1=> FCP FLOOR # 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	EXER54 <enter> to allo EXEC - Clear error code placed in buffer. EXEL - List error codes e Floor position Count Preset: This dead level is for each floor. The Of Target from Hoistway Scan) a C# 1=> FCP FLOOR # COT 1 1000 2 1400 3 1800 4 2200 5 2600 6 3000 7 3400 8 3800 9 4200 10 4600 11 5000 12 5400 13 5800 14 6200</enter>	EXEC - Clear error code exclusion list. Allo placed in buffer. EXEL - List error codes excluded from being placed in buffer. EXEL - List error codes excluded from being placed in buffer. Floor position Count Preset: This is the reference dead level is for each floor. The FCP position is the Of Target from Hoistway Scan) and/or FOF (Floor C# 1=> FCP FLOOR # COT FOF 1 1000 -6 2 1400 0 3 1800 0 4 2200 0 5 2600 -2 6 3000 0 7 3400 0 8 3800 +4 9 4200 0 10 4600 0 11 5000 0 11 5000 0 12 5400 0 13 5800 0 14 6200 0	

<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND				
FLTn (See Error Code Definitions)	FauLTs (Errors): The <i>MERIDIA</i> [™] Operating System keeps a record of the previous 24 faults that have occurred along with the number of occurrences, time of day, the floor number, the velocity, digital position count and various status bytes. The faults are labeled 0-23. This command displays four of the 24 faults starting at fault n (n = 0-23). The n is optional. If not used, the <flt> command displays all 24 faults. Zero indicates no fault occurrence. Note that CS and DS are in hexadecimal form, which must be converted into binary form.</flt>				
	The fault is displayed on screen as follows:				
	C# 1>FLT0 FLT COUNT FLR TIME DATE DPP DMD VEL DM DZ SV CS DS FLT0= 80				
	The headings in the above table are detailed below:				
	FLT = Fault number COUNT = Number of occurrences FLR = Floor where the error occurred TIME = The time the fault occurred (from the system real time calendar clock) DATE = Date of occurrence DPP = Digital Position Pulse count DMD = Demand velocity VEL = Car's Velocity calculated from the Digital Position Pulse DM = Digitizer Mode Value. The value that appears is the last value that successfully registered in fault registry. If the value "3" appears then the car was in the Flat Top mode when the fault was registered.				
	Definitions 0 Stop 1 Acceleration 2 Roll 3 Top Speed 4 Flat Top 5 Deceleration 6 Leveling 7 Emergency 8 Inspection				

<command/>		DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND			
	DZ =				
		BITS 0 up level zone 1 up final level zone 2 down final level zone 3 down level zone 4 dz 5 Not Used 6 Not Used 7 Not Used			
	SV =	Car service type Numbers shown correspond directly to status (no conversion needed) 0=INVALID 1=SAFETIES 2=DRIVE OFF 3=PWR LOSS 4=INSPECT 5=## INIT 6=DRIVE FLT 7=CWT DRL 8=CTLSHUTDN 9=EARTH Q. 10=FIRE PH 2 11=FIRE PH 1 12=CODE BLUE 13=EM RECALL 14=HOMING 15=INDEPEND 16=ATT 17=DOOR DISC 18=REAR DISC 19=VIP 20=LBY IND 21=DISP LOSS 22=STOP SW 23=SERV PROT 24=LOAD BP 25=SECURITY 26=AUTOMATIC 27=IR SERV 28=EMT 29=SPECIAL 30=BLDG SVC 31=NIGHT SVC 32=SHUTTLE 33=PRE ALARM 34=PRIORITY 35=EM RECALL 36=SEC RCALL 37=LOAD CAL			
	CS =	Car Status Convert hexadecimal numbers to binary as in DZ above. BITS 0 start sequence 1 run sequence 2 EMST (Emergency Stop Output) 3 EMSD (Emergency Stop Input) 4 SRU (Speed Reference Up) 5 SRD (Speed Reference Down) 6 up motion 7 down motion			

COLLANDO	DECORPTION OF OAR COMMAND
<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND
	DS = Door Status
	Convert hexadecimal numbers to binary as in DZ and CS above. BITS
	0 door open limit (DOL)
	1 door close limit (DCL)
	rear door close limit (RDCL)
	3 rear door open limit (RDOL)
	4 door open pilot
	5 door close pilot
	6 rear door open pilot
	7 rear door close pilot
FLTXn (See Error Code Definitions)	FauLTs (errors - see FLTn): This command shows the eXtended fault buffer corresponding to the faults shown with the above <flt> command. The "n" value is set to the fault index number label from 0 to 23. From the <flt> command example shown below, the "n" number is selected to retrieve additional fault information for fault code 80 stored at index number 0. Convert the hexadecimal numbers to binary for bit settings. (An explanation of the conversion process can be found on page 12-15.) C# 1=> FLTX3 FLT,COUNT,FLR, TIME, DATE, DPP, DMD, VEL, DM, DZ, SV, CS, DS FLT 3=143, 1, 3, 7:34:45p, 1/01/00, 1762, 405, 441, 5, 00H, 26, 5EH, 03H</flt></flt>
	CS1,CS2,CS3,CS4,VS1,VS2,VICV,VICDPP,CTS,CTCV,CPS,CPEDPP,MFS, BKS, GR
	00H, 32H,90H,7DH,20H,00H, 424, 1217, 03H, 0, 0DH, 1651, 00H, 90H, 201
	DS1,DS2,DS3,DRVCM,EX1,EX2,EX3,EX4,EX5 00H,00H,00H, 0000H,00H,00H,00H,00H
	The following details the headings in the above table, which are NOT to be confused with Control Status Word Bits (see page 11-1).
	CS1 = Car Status 1
	BITS O Rope Gripper Trip 1 Rope Gripper Fault 2 Fault Trip 3 Relay Fault 4 Controller Fault 5 Motion Fault 6 Gate & Lock (GLR) Fault 7 Run Time-Out Fault
	CS2 = Car Status 2
	BITS 0 mg fault 1 Motion Master (elevator motion allowed) 2 Gate or Lock On Fault 3 Drive Fault 4 Communication Initialized Ok 5 Tach Direction (CCU DPP quadrature: 1=up, 0=dn)



<command/>		DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
	CS3	6 Tach Direction Error (Drive, CCU, VIC, or 7 CCU Tach Direction Error = Car Status 3	CPE)
	CGS	= Car Status 3 BITS	
		 0 Up Call Pilot 1 Down Call Pilot 2 At Floor Call Pilot 3 Drop Leveling Velocity Output (LVE) 4 Moving 5 Leveling 6 Lev DZ 7 CCU Thermal Sensor 	
	CS4	= Car Status 4	
		O SYSTEM MASTER (SRD/SRU ok) 1 Proximity 2 CGS & DLS 3 Gate & Lock (GL) 4 SM Input From Contactor 5 MA Input From Contactor 6 BKR (Brake Relay) 7 Door Operation	
	VS1	= VIC Board Status 1 BITS	
		 Slowdown Limit Fault (SLF) Inspection Speed Fault (ISF) GL Speed Fault (GLF) Not Used Not Used Moving Up Moving Down Emergency Stop Fault (ESF) 	
	VS2	= VIC Board Status 2 BITS	
		 Slowdown Fault At Limit 1 Slowdown Fault At Limit 2 Not Used Not Used Not Used Not Used Not Used O=Up Limit Fault, 1=Dn Limit Fault Not Used 	
	VICV Pulse	= Car's velocity from VIC (motor encoder) Digital Position	
	VICDPP	= VIC Position Count (Unit: pulses/foot)	
	CTCS	= CTC ETS Status BITS 0 Up ETS limit hit 1 Down ETS limit hit 2 Up ETS limit error 3 Down ETS limit error 4 Up direction at ETS limit 5 Down direction at ETS limit	

<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
(COMMITTEE	6 Not Used	
	7 Not Used	
	CTCV = CTC Velocity (Unit: ft/min)	
	CPES = CPE Car Position Encoder Status	
	BITS	
	Position Count Memory Lost	
	1 Low Battery	
	2 No Battery Connected 3 Up direction from car encoder	
	4 Down direction from car encoder	
	5 Not Used	
	6 Not Used	
	7 Position count initialized	
	CPEDPP = CPE Position Count (Unit: dpp/foot)	
	MFS = Motor Field Board Status	
	BITS	
	0 +24v fail 1 +15v fail	
	2 -15v fail	
	3 No AC Input to Board	
	4 Motor Field Fault	
	5 Not Used	
	6 Not Used 7 Not Used	
	BKS = Brake Board Status	
	BITS 0 +24v fail (N/A if IGBT Brake Board)	
	1 +15v fail (N/A if IGBT Brake Board)	
	2 -15v fail (N/A if IGBT Brake Board)	
	3 No AC Input to Board (N/A if IGBT Brake	
	Board) 4 Brake Board Fault	
	5 Not Used	
	6 Not Used	
	7 On if IGBT Brake board used	
	GR = Car number of car that is the master:	
	201 = car 1	
	202 = car 2	
	203 = car 3	
	204 = car 4 205 = car 5	
	205 = Car 5 206 = car 6	
	207 = car 7	
	208 = car 8	
	IF DSD-412 DRIVE:	
	(If applicable, reference DSD Drive Manual - Book 3, especially fault codes f97 through f905)	
	DS1 = Drive Status 1	
	BITS Set to 1 for Symphronization (Comm	
	Set to 1 for Synchronization (Comm. Status between drive and controller).	
	1 Set to 1 for Synchronization	



<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
		 2 Tach Direction Is Up 3 Tach Direction Is Down 4 Tach Overspeed Fault (f97) 5 Tach Loss Fault (f98) 6 Reverse Tach Fault (f99) 7 Serial Comm Fault
	DS2 =	Drive Status 2 BITS O Motor Fault (f400) Excessive Field Current (f401) Contactor Failure (f402) Drive is at CEMF Limit DH Input Fault (f405) E-Stop Fault (f406) A Drive Fault exists T Drive is Ready
	DS3 =	Drive Status 3 BITS O A "No Loop Fault" Exists (f900) 1 PCU 1st Fault (f901) 2 Line Synchronization Failure (f903) 3 Low Line Fault (f904) 4 Field Loss Fault (f905) 5 Not Used 6 Not Used 7 Not Used
	DRVCM =	Drive Command BITS O Set To 1 For Synchronization 1 Set To 1 For Synchronization 2 Run Command (SMC) 3 Fault Reset (AFR) 4 Run Down (SRD) 5 Run UP (SRU) 6 Full Field Command (FEI) 7 Not Used 8 Not Used 9 Not Used 10 Not Used 11 Not Used 12 Not Used 13 Not Used 14 Not Used 15 Not Used
	END DSD-412 EX1 = EX2 = EX3 = EX4 = EX5 =	Extended Error Data 3 (programmer defined, call CEC) Extended Error Data 4 (programmer defined, call CEC)

<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
<command/>	In the event of a support call to CEC, you may be asked to provide the	
	appropriate bit description as listed below.	
	Convert hexadecimal numbers to binary for bit settings:	
	In the example shown on page 12-11, the value under CS4 is " 7D H". The "H" at the end of the value represents that it is a number in Hexidecimal.	
	Break down the number 7D into its components of 7 and D .	
	From the conversion chart below, we see that 7 is equivalent to binary 0111 and D is equivalent to 1101 . We can then put it together to show that 7D H _{exidecimal} = 01111101 (binary).	
	Some tips: In the binary system; the right most digit is called the Least Significant Bit (LSB) or Bit 0. the left most digit is called the Most Significant Bit (MSB) or Bit 7.	
	Conversion Chart	
	Hex Binary	
	0 = 0000	
	1 = 0001	
	2 = 0010	
	3 = 0011 4 = 0100	
	5 = 0101	
	6 = 0110	
	7 = 0111 8 = 1000	
	9 = 1001	
	A = 1010	
	B = 1011 C = 1100	
	D = 1101	
	E = 1110	
	F = 1111	

<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
FPR	Floor Position Reference at present floor.	
FPU	Floor Position Update: Shows the position count of the car when reaches each door zone target, indicates the direction of hitting the target, if the position count was updated and shows the position count error at each target.	
	C# 1=> FPU	
	Floor Position Update Count for 2 in: 10 FLOOR Position Count Update Status Error 1 0 00H 0 2 1828 01H + 2 3 2664 01H + 3 4 3499 01H + 3 5 4335 01H + 4 6 5170 01H + 3 7 6006 01H + 4 8 6842 01H + 5 9 7677 01H + 5 10 8513 01H + 6 11 9348 01H + 6 12 10184 01H + 7 13 11019 01H + 7	
	14 11854 01H + 6 15 12687 81H + 4 Update Status: 00H = no data 01H = Moving Up no update 02H = Moving Down no update 81H = Moving Up position count updated 82H = Moving Down position count updated	
FWL	Flash Write access Log. When data or program is written to flash memory or EEPROM the SPU the bios software will log the event in battery backed ram. This command prints the data log to the terminal screen. FWLC clears the write access log.	
GET	GET/load the parameters from EEPROM: This command restores modified parameters. (Also verifies the checksum and displays any errors.) Note: COT, ULR, DLR, EUR, EDR, ESV & TSV parameters must all be valid for <get> to return an 'OK'.</get>	
GRP	Enter the GR ou P Human Interface (Prompt: Group =>)	

1		
<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
IOCn	I/O Controller that controls I2C input/output boards. An IOC logical device that operates an I2C serial port to read input or output data from an I/O board. This device can be a microcontroller on the CCU board such as the MIC or VIC, a board in the TOC box such as the CTC that controls three I2C ports addressed as the TOC, COP and RCOP or an MPE used to expand car or group I/Os such as the MPC1 or CPC3. Displays the I/O status for each I/O board controlled by an intelligent device. "n" represents the device comm port number as listed table at the bottom of this entry.	
	C# 1=> IOC1	
	MIC IOC 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Input: = = = = = =	
	1 00000000 2 00000000 3 00000000	0000000
	4 00000000	0000000
	5 00000000 6 00000000	0000000
	7 000000000	
	Note: MIC is the I2C device controller (IOC).	
	Port # IIC device controller	
	4 MF 5 MF 6 MF 7 MF 8 TO 9 CC	Motor room Interface Controller Motor Room Port Controller 1 Motor Room Port Controller 2 Motor Room Port Controller 3 Motor Room Port Controller 3 Motor Room Port Controller 4 Motor Room Port Controller 5 Motor Room Port Controller 6 C Top of Car Car Operating Panel OP Rear Car Operating Panel
	11 CP 12 CP 13 CP 14 CP 15 CP 16 CP	C2 Car Port Controller 2 C3 Car Port Controller 3 C4 Car Port Controller 4 C5 Car Port Controller 5





<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND	
LWR	Load Weigher Reading. Displays the load weigher voltage and percent	
LVVIX	load.	
LWU[n]	Load Weigher User interface setup. This command guides the user through the load weigher setup. If the LWU command is entered without a number immediately following, a list of four options are given for the user to select from show below: 1. Proximity sensor setup. 2. Strain gauge sensor setup. 3. Observe sensor setup parameters. 4. Activate offset calibration procedure. If proximity or strain gauge sensor setup is selected, the user is prompted for additional information to start the setup procedure. Once setup is activated, the following "LWU" commands are entered to validate the load condition of the car.	
	LWU1 - Command is entered when the sensor voltage is setup between 1.0 and 1.4 volts and the car is empty at the bottom landing. LWU2 - Command is entered when the car has full load at the bottom floor. LWU3 - Command is entered when the car has full load at the top floor. LWU4 - Command is entered when the car is empty at the top floor. Note: Can only be accessed via the Black terminal.	
MEN	CCU BIOS <u>MEN</u> u: Use to upload the software into FLASH memory without Wizard Program.	
PAR	PARameters: This command offers a speedy way to Enter or Review all of the above adjustment parameters. Typing <par> <enter →=""> displays all parameters with a slight delay.</enter></par>	
PARA	The 'A' (Alter) suffix permits changing or reviewing all the PARameters. Each command will be displayed with the current value followed by a question mark. You can now change its value or hit <enter ¬=""> to skip to the next one.</enter>	
POS	True Car POS ition, e.g. 1 through 15 (including 13)	
RCC	Reset all Car Calls	
RCM	Reset CoMmunication status log. Resets failure counts for all COMM devices (See < CMC > command)	

COMMAND	DECODINE OF OAR	COMMAND	
<command/>	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND		
RDE	Reset Device Errors: Resets communication errors for the following		
	boards: RDED Drive		
	RDEV VIC device		
	RDEB Brake Board of	or MIC dovice	
	RDEM Motor Field Bo		
	RDEC CPE Board	Sara	
	RDEE CTC (ETS) Bo	pard	
	7.0 (2.10) 5.0	, and	
RFL	Reset the FauLt Hold memory		
RMA	Request MAster. When entered at the termi	nal of a car that is not the	
	group, this car will request to become the m		
	existing master car will relinquish group con	trol to this car.	
RSL	Request SL ave. When entered at the termin	nal of the car that is currently	
	the group controller, the car will relinquish g		
	available car with the lowest car number. If no car is available, the		
	time out and become the group again.		
SCCn	Set Car Call at floor (n)		
SDCn	Set Down Call at floor (n)		
STD	STart Down: The <stu> and <std> commands can be used while in automatic operation to provide a one (1) floor run up or down respective</std></stu>		
STM	M SeT Up Mode: This command allows car to run on inspection mode without the Digital Position Pulse while setting up the car,. This operation mode bypasses the normal safety check and prevents car from shutting down. This operating mode can also be initiated from front panel push buttons in the circuit breaker panel. If car loses power or if inspection		
	switch is moved to automatic mode, elevator will automatically be remove		
	from Setup mode.		
STU	STU STart Up (similar to the Attendant Buttons): The <stu> and <std> commands can be used while in automatic operation to provide a one (</std></stu>		
010			
	floor run up or down respectively.	(·)	
SUCn	Set Up Call at floor (n)		
TIM	Computer up TIM e since the last power-up ((day-hour:min:sec)	
TIME	Set real TIME calendar clock. Time is entere		
	'a' for am or 'p' for pm. To exit this command		
	<enter before="" new="" p="" time="" typing="" value.<="" →=""></enter>		
	Em. Comment times 44:40:00=		
	Eg: Current time: 11:12:32p Enter new time: 10:22:30 a		
UCS		one)	
ULBn	Up Call pilot Status (See CCS for explanation Car Velocity when the Up Limit(n) first Break		
ULDII	useful when adjusting TSV. It permits "freez	•	
	instant each terminal limit switches open.	ing the car velocity at the	
	motant caon tominal limit switches open.		

COMMAND	DECORIDATION OF CAR COMMAND		
VEL	DESCRIPTION OF CAR COMMAND Actual Car VEL points in EDM		
VER	Actual Car VEL ocity in FPM Displays software VER sions for all communications boards. See <cmc></cmc>		
VER	command for description of devices: DEVICE VERSION		
	DEVICE VERGION		
	(SYS= system; LOC= local; DRV= drive; HC= hall call)		
	SYS Ver LOC Ver CAR Ver DRV Ver HC Ver		
	201 010 9 008 8 006 2 44 006		
	202 010 11 008 18 005 211 006		
	212 003 12 007 19 006		
VIC	Velocity Interface Controller Status:		
	Velocity Interface Controller Status		
	*Slowdown Limit Fault		
	*Inspection Speed Fault		
	*INS Velocity: 110 fpm		
	*Gate and Lock Speed Fault		
	*GL Velocity: 150 fpm (0.76 m/s)		
	Moving Dn		
	Moving Up *Emergency Stop Fault		
	VIC Velocity: 500 fpm (2.54 m/s)		
	VIC velocity. 300 lpm (2.34 m/s) VIC position count: 1453		
	F 12 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Note: Car must be traveling at velocity greater than 52 fpm (0.26 r			
	VFC board to display velocity greater than 0. * Displayed only if		
VLT	corresponding fault condition occurs. Velocity Limit Test. Sets a test variable to disable the SPU from limiting the		
V = 1	velocity when a slowdown limit is hit. This flag is set for a single run.		
WRT	WriTe parameters to EEPROM: This command stores changes in non-		
	volatile memory.		
	Note: It is not necessary to write <wrt> altered parameters immediately</wrt>		
	to EEPROM. You can test operation, continue to operate elevator,		
	and store to EEPROM when satisfied. In case of removal of power		
	to CPU, or if terminal is disconnected, parameters are restored to		
ZON	former value (no change occurs). ZON e floor: Displays floor to which car is zoning.		
ZPS	Zone Pilot Status (Refer to <ccs> command for explanation)</ccs>		
۷۱ ک	Lone I not status (iteret to 1000) command for explanation		